Financial Statements of

GABRIEL DUMONT COLLEGE INC.

Year ended March 31, 2017



KPMG LLP 500-475 2nd Avenue South Saskatoon Saskatchewan S7K 1P4 Canada Tel (306) 934-6200 Fax (306) 934-6233

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Directors

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Gabriel Dumont College Inc., which comprise the statements of financial position as at March 31, 2017, the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audits is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Gabriel Dumont College Inc., as at March 31, 2017 and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Chartered Professional Accountants

LPMG LLP

July 21, 2017 Saskatoon, Canada

Statement of Financial Position

March 31, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

	2017	2016
Assets		
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments and marketable securities Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	\$ 1,786,068 162,026 539,113 -	\$ 1,760,253 159,835 466,876 417
	2,487,207	2,387,381
Equipment (note 3)	15,123	10,603
	\$ 2,502,330	\$ 2,397,984
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 43,939	\$ 17,241
Net assets: Unrestricted Invested in equipment	 2,443,268 15,123 2,458,391	2,370,140 10,603 2,380,743
	\$ 2,502,330	\$ 2,397,984

On behalf of the Board: Wy MWYMH	
Mary 1111	_ Director
Care look	Director

Statement of Operations

Year ended March 31, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

		2017	·	2016
Revenue:				
Tuition and related fees (note 4)	\$	789,215	\$	816,635
Program grants (note 4)	•	128,598	•	-
Interest		17,302		13,923
		935,115		830,558
Expenses:				
Salaries and benefits		349,150		289,070
Scholarships, tuition and student fees (note 4)		247,583		245,785
Consulting fees		104,171		54,363
Promotions		84,883		60,543
Travel		32,507		7,518
Facilities and rent		15,763		-
Audit and legal		7,551		8,425
Bank charges		4,597		4,637
Equipment expense		4,291		500
Amortization		2,858		2,651
Office supplies and services		2,376		672
Start up allowances		1,000		200
Student recruitment		588		9,638
Repairs and maintenance		149		-
Student supplies		-		99
		857,467		684,101
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$	77,648	\$	146,457

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended March 31, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

	Unrestricted	Invested in Equipment	Total
Net assets, April 1, 2016 Excess of revenue over expenses Amortization	\$ 2,221,032 146,457 2,651	\$ 13,254 - (2,651)	\$ 2,234,286 146,457 -
Net assets, March 31, 2016	\$ 2,370,140	\$ 10,603	\$ 2,380,743
Excess of revenue over expenses Amortization Purchase of equipment	77,648 2,858 (7,378)	- (2,858) 7,378	77,648 - -
Net assets, March 31, 2017	\$ 2,443,268	\$ 15,123	\$ 2,458,391

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended March 31, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

	 2017	2016
Cash flows from (used in):		
Operations:		
Excess of revenue over expenses Items not involving cash:	\$ 77,648	\$ 146,457
Amortization	2,858	2,651
Reinvested interest income Change in non-cash operating working capital:	(2,191)	(107)
Accounts receivable	(72,237)	51,577
Prepaid expenses	417	(417)
Accounts payable	26,698	7,451
Investing:	33,193	207,612
Purchase of equipment	(7,378)	-
Increase in cash	25,815	207,612
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,760,253	1,552,641
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,786,068	\$ 1,760,253

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2017

1. Nature of operations:

Gabriel Dumont College Inc. ("GDC" or "the College") is a Not-for-Profit Organization incorporated under the Non Profit Corporations Act of Saskatchewan and is not subject to income tax under the Income Tax Act (Canada).

The College has an affiliation with the University of Saskatchewan. It provides a means of post secondary education for Métis people. Non Métis university students may enroll provided there is space available after Métis students have enrolled to a maximum total capacity of 40 people.

The Institute is jointly controlled with Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research and its related entities: Gabriel Dumont College Inc., Dumont Technical Institute Inc., Gabriel Dumont Institute Training & Employment Inc., the Gabriel Dumont Scholarship Foundation II, and Gabriel Dumont Institute Press Inc. The Board of Directors of Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, Inc. are the directors of all the controlled entities.

2. Significant accounting policies:

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-For-Profit Organizations in Part III of the CPA Canada Handbook and reflect the following accounting policies:

(a) Revenue recognition:

The College follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Tuition and related fees are recognized when courses are provided and collection of the related receivable is probable, persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists and the sales price is fixed or determinable. Amounts received for future services are deferred until the service is provided.

Funds received for programs which have been externally restricted and where the related costs will be incurred in future periods are recorded as deferred revenue on the statement of financial position and will be recorded as revenue on the statement of operations in the period when the related costs are incurred.

(b) Use of estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the estimated useful life of equipment and the collectibility of accounts receivable. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2017

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(c) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents include bank indebtedness and balances with financial institutions which are highly liquid and have an initial term to maturity of three months or less.

(d) Equipment:

Equipment is recorded at cost. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to expense. When equipment no longer contributes to the College's ability to provide services its carrying amount is written down to its residual value. Equipment is amortized over its estimated useful lives using the following methods and annual rates:

Asset	Method	Rate
Computer equipment Other equipment	Declining Declining	20 % 20 %

Amortization is recorded in the month the assets are put into use such that the total cost of the assets will be charged to operations over the useful life of the assets.

(e) Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. Equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are subsequently measured at fair value. All other financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost, unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. The College has elected to carry their investments and marketable securities at fair value. Fair value fluctuations in these assets including interest earned, interest accrued, gains and losses realized on disposal and unrealized gains and losses are included in interest revenue.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2017

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred. All other financial instruments are adjusted by transaction costs incurred on acquisition and financing costs, which are amortized using the straight-line method.

Financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis at the end of the fiscal year if there are indicators of impairment. If there is an indicator of impairment, The College determines if there is a significant adverse change in the expected amount or timing of future cash flows from the financial asset. If there is a significant adverse change in the expected cash flows, the carrying value of the financial asset is reduced to the highest of the present value of the expected cash flows, the amount that could be realized from selling the financial asset or the amount The College expects to realize by exercising its right to any collateral. If events and circumstances reverse in a future period, an impairment loss will be reversed to the extent of the improvement, not exceeding the initial carrying value.

3. Equipment:

			2017	2016
	Cost	 cumulated nortization	Net book value	Net book value
Computer equipment \$ Other equipment	\$ 60,033 39,679	\$ 57,168 27,421	\$ 2,865 12,258	\$ 3,581 7,022
	\$ 99,712	\$ 84,589	\$ 15,123	\$ 10,603

Computer equipment with a net carrying value of \$2,865 (2016 - \$3,581) represents Gabriel Dumont College's one third interest in a computer system that is shared with Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, Inc. and Dumont Technical Institute Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2017

4. Related party transactions:

The College had the following transactions with related parties during the year. All transactions were recorded at the exchange amount being amounts agreed upon between the related parties.

	 2017	2016
Revenues:		
Tuition and related fees:		
Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied		
Research, Inc.	\$ 319,389	\$ 271,329
Gabriel Dumont Institute Training and Employment Inc.	42,525	-
Program grants:		
Métis Nation- Saskatchewan Secretariat Inc.	128,598	-
Expenses:		
Programming/ services:		
Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied		
Research, Inc.	91,102	-
Gabriel Dumont Institute Training and Employment Inc.	-	506,172
Dumont Technical Institute Inc.	-	1,809
Gabriel Dumont Scholarship Foundation II	-	1,500
Administrative services:		
Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied		
Research, Inc.	10,717	16,433

Accounts receivable includes \$289,051 (2016 - \$254,079) and accounts payable includes \$12,007 (2016 - \$1,278) from Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research Inc, and Dumont Technical Institute Inc. Additionally, accounts receivable includes \$16,098 (2016 - \$nil) from Métis Nation- Saskatchewan Secretariat Inc.

Certain administrative functions of the College are managed by Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, Inc. at no charge.

5. Capital management:

The College defines its capital to be its unrestricted net assets. The College monitors its financial performance against budgets. Excess of revenue over expenses are accumulated as unrestricted net assets. In the event revenue declines, the College will budget for reduced operational expenditures. While an annual deficit could arise no such deficit would be allowed to exceed the amount of unrestricted net assets.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2017

6. Financial instruments and risk management:

The College, through its financial assets and liabilities, has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments: credit risk and market risk (interest rate risk and other price risk).

Credit risk

The College's principal financial assets are cash and cash equivalents, investments and marketable securities and accounts receivable which are subject to credit risk. The carrying amounts of these financial assets on the statement of financial position represent the College's maximum credit exposure at the year-end date.

The College's credit risk is primarily attributable to its accounts receivable. The amounts disclosed in the statement of financial position are net of allowance for doubtful accounts, estimated by management of the College based on previous experience and its assessment of the current economic environment. The College also has credit risk related to its investments and marketable securities due to the volatility of the markets. The credit risk on cash is limited because the counterparties are chartered banks with high credit ratings assigned by national credit-rating agencies.

Interest rate risk

The interest-bearing investments and marketable securities have a limited exposure to interest rate risk due to their short-term maturity.

Fair values

Cash and investments and marketable securities are recorded at fair value. The fair value of accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate their carrying value due to their short-term period to maturity.