

Financial Statements of

**DUMONT TECHNICAL
INSTITUTE INC.**

And Independent Auditors' Report thereon
Year ended June 30, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Governors of Dumont Technical Institute

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Dumont Technical Institute (the Entity), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2020
- the statement of operations for the year then ended
- the statement of changes in net assets for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at June 30, 2020, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "***Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.



Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads 'KPMG LLP' with a long horizontal line extending from the end of the signature.

Chartered Professional Accountants

October 15, 2020

Saskatoon, Canada

DUMONT TECHNICAL INSTITUTE INC.

Statement of Financial Position

June 30, 2020, with comparative information for 2019

	2020	2019
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,316,584	\$ 2,613,970
Accounts receivable	697,527	526,539
Prepaid expenses	132,936	138,185
	2,147,047	3,278,694
Investments (note 4)	916,688	705,593
Property and equipment (note 5)	8,161,625	7,440,882
	\$ 11,225,360	\$ 11,425,169

Liabilities and Net Assets

Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 471,952	\$ 970,228
Deferred revenue (note 6)	1,304,171	1,177,861
Current portion of long-term debt (note 7)	192,395	71,544
	1,968,518	2,219,633
Callable debt (note 8)	-	800,000
	1,968,518	3,019,633
Long-term debt (note 7)	1,530,244	731,456
Deferred capital contributions (note 9)	2,788,915	2,935,700
Net assets		
Invested in property and equipment	3,650,070	2,902,182
Core	976,828	1,570,264
Programming	310,785	265,934
	4,937,683	4,738,380
Commitments (notes 8 and 10)		
Subsequent events (note 15)		
	\$ 11,225,360	\$ 11,425,169

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:



Director



Director

DUMONT TECHNICAL INSTITUTE INC.

Statement of Operations

Year ended June 30, 2020, with comparative information for 2019

	Core	BE Programs	Other Programs	2020	2019
Revenue:					
Government of Saskatchewan grants	\$ 2,100,820	\$ 2,505,181	\$ 624,234	\$ 5,230,235	\$ 5,409,001
Tuition and fees	-	232,550	2,261,152	2,493,702	2,288,263
Facility rental and other income	723,470	-	-	723,470	513,901
Investment income	37,022	-	-	37,022	69,551
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	146,785	-	-	146,785	70,300
	3,008,097	2,737,731	2,885,386	8,631,214	8,351,016
Expenses:					
Salaries	1,171,719	1,457,551	1,219,210	3,848,480	3,628,069
Facilities	336,693	318,691	303,300	958,684	900,938
Purchased courses	121,189	196,129	499,868	817,186	1,195,107
Staff benefits	226,805	249,379	207,304	683,488	625,137
Amortization	483,793	-	-	483,793	289,421
Instructional costs	8,438	84,516	323,045	415,999	436,210
Administrative services	-	67,670	139,149	206,819	192,054
Software support	112,996	64,246	15,415	192,657	78,640
Staff travel	64,668	57,480	33,973	156,121	197,703
Office supplies	42,925	42,579	33,391	118,895	122,808
Equipment and education supplies	32,506	33,041	45,844	111,391	115,307
Insurance	53,810	2,514	41,445	97,769	69,434
Public relations	54,755	17,383	11,707	83,845	71,118
Telephone and fax	27,553	30,074	19,795	77,422	78,181
Professional development	22,490	609	8,632	31,731	52,556
Professional services	29,324	-	15,000	44,324	45,189
Interest and bank charges	63,981	-	-	63,981	21,279
Bad debts	-	-	39,326	39,326	4,883
	2,853,645	2,621,862	2,956,404	8,431,911	8,124,034
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses					
	\$ 154,452	\$ 115,869	\$ (71,018)	\$ 199,303	\$ 226,982

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

DUMONT TECHNICAL INSTITUTE INC.

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended June 30, 2020, with comparative information for 2019

	Invested in property and equipment	Core	BE Programs	Programming Funds Other Programs	2020	2019
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 2,902,182	\$ 1,570,264	\$ 77,769	\$ 188,165	\$ 4,738,380	\$ 4,511,398
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	-	154,452	115,869	(71,018)	199,303	226,982
Purchase of property and equipment	1,204,536	(1,204,536)	-	-	-	-
Amortization	(483,793)	483,793	-	-	-	-
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	146,785	(146,785)	-	-	-	-
Issuance of callable debt	(200,000)	200,000	-	-	-	-
Repayment of long-term debt	80,360	(80,360)	-	-	-	-
Balance, end of year	\$ 3,650,070	\$ 976,828	\$ 193,638	\$ 117,147	\$ 4,937,683	\$ 4,738,380

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

DUMONT TECHNICAL INSTITUTE INC.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30, 2020, with comparative information for and 2019

	2020	2019
Cash flows from (used in):		
Operations:		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	\$ 199,303	\$ 226,982
Items not involving cash:		
Amortization	483,793	289,421
Investment increase to fair value	(11,095)	(41,781)
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	(146,785)	(70,300)
Change in non-cash operating working capital:		
Accounts receivable	(170,988)	(107,789)
Prepaid expenses	5,249	(54,076)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(498,277)	465,557
Deferred revenue	126,310	226,284
	(12,490)	934,298
Financing:		
Issuance of long-term debt	200,000	803,000
Issuance of callable debt	-	800,000
Repayment of long-term debt	(80,360)	(168,114)
Deferred capital contributions	-	1,600,000
	119,640	3,034,886
Investing:		
Purchase of property and equipment	(1,204,536)	(2,509,250)
Proceeds on disposal of investments	-	1,453,307
Purchase of investments	(200,000)	(703,307)
	(1,404,536)	(1,759,250)
Increase (decrease) in cash	(1,297,386)	2,209,934
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	2,613,970	404,036
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,316,584	\$ 2,613,970

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

DUMONT TECHNICAL INSTITUTE INC.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2020

1. Nature of organization:

Dumont Technical Institute Inc. ("the Institute", "DTI") is an organization that provides Métis people in Saskatchewan the opportunity to obtain training and education through the Institute as well as its affiliates, Gabriel Dumont College Inc., Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research Inc., Gabriel Dumont Scholarship Foundation II, Gabriel Dumont Institute Press Inc. and Gabriel Dumont Institute Training and Employment Inc.

The Institute is incorporated under the Non-Profit Corporations Act of Saskatchewan and as such is not subject to income tax under the Income Tax Act (Canada).

The Institute is jointly controlled with Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research and its related entities: Gabriel Dumont College Inc., Gabriel Dumont Institute Training and Employment Inc., Gabriel Dumont Scholarship Foundation II, and Gabriel Dumont Institute Press Inc., as the Board of Governors of Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, Inc. are the same Governors and the only Governors of the controlled entities. These financial statements do not include the operations of these other entities.

2. Significant accounting policies:

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-For-Profit entities in Part III of the CPA Canada Handbook and reflect the following policies:

(a) Fund accounting:

The majority of the skills training programs offered are accredited through Saskatchewan Polytechnic.

Revenue and expenses related to program delivery and administrative activities are reported in the following funds:

Core services

The Core operations are responsible for program coordination, resource management, strategic planning, provision of counselling services and the day-to-day functions of the Institute.

Basic Education Programs

The Basic Education Programming (BE) includes a wide range of programs aimed at increasing the education and literacy levels of course participants. Programs offered under BE include adult secondary education, life skills and employment enhancement.

Other Programs

Other programs include a wide range of technical programming with the aim of equipping students with the necessary knowledge and skills to enter the labour market.

DUMONT TECHNICAL INSTITUTE INC.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2020

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(b) Revenue recognition:

The Institute follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Contract revenue is recognized as service is provided under the terms of the contract. Deferred revenue represents funding received related to expenditures and program delivery in future years.

Contributions restricted for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and recognized into revenue at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate for the capital asset.

Tuition and fees are recognized as revenue when the courses are held.

(c) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents includes bank balances and balances with financial institutions which are highly liquid and have an initial term to maturity of three months or less.

(d) Property and equipment:

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. Normal maintenance and repair expenditures are expensed as incurred.

Amortization is provided using the following methods and rates:

Asset	Method	Rate
Building	Declining balance	5%
Furniture and equipment	Declining balance	20%
Computer equipment	Declining balance	30%

Assets under construction or development are not subject to amortization until the project is substantially complete and available for use. Amortization is charged for the full year in the year of acquisition. No amortization is taken in the year of disposal. It is expected that this policy will charge operations with the total cost of the assets over the useful life of the assets. Gains or losses on the disposal of individual assets are recognized in income in the year of disposal. Contributions for assets purchased are deferred and amortized on the same basis as the assets to which they relate.

The carrying amount of an item of property and equipment is tested for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized when the asset's carrying amount is not recoverable and exceeds its fair value.

DUMONT TECHNICAL INSTITUTE INC.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2020

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(e) Employee benefits:

The Institute provides a defined contribution pension plan, life insurance, long and short-term disability coverage, dental, vision, and health care benefits to employees. Costs are expensed in the year incurred.

(f) Use of estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organization requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the estimated useful life of property and equipment, the collectability of accounts receivable and estimates of deferred revenue. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(g) Allocation of income and expenses:

The Institute recognizes facility rental income in the Core service fund and allocates facility expense to the Basic Education programs and Other program funds. The amount of income recognized, and expense allocated is based on a market rent analysis done by a third party.

The rental income and expense allocated are as follows:

	2020	2019
Facility rental income	\$ 313,517	\$ 325,885
Allocated as follows:		
Basic Education programs	199,430	199,430
Other programs	114,087	126,455
	\$ 313,517	\$ 325,885

DUMONT TECHNICAL INSTITUTE INC.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2020

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(h) Adoption of Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations:

On April 1, 2019, Dumont Technical Institute adopted the following standards issued by the Canadian Accounting Standards Board:

Section 4433 Tangible capital assets held by not-for-profit organizations, which directs organizations to apply the accounting guidance of Section 3061, Property Plant and Equipment in Part II of the Handbook. In so doing, the new section requires that organizations annually assess for partial impairment of tangible capital assets, to be recorded where applicable, as a non-reversible impairment expense. In addition, where practical, to componentize capital assets when estimates can be made of the useful lives of the separate components

Adoption of this standard has not resulted in any changes to the financial statements or notes.

3. Financial instruments and risk management:

Financial assets and liabilities (cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, investments, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, long-term debt and deferred revenue) are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. Investments that are quoted in an active market are subsequently measured at fair value. All other financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost, unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. The Institute has elected to carry investments at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in net revenue in the period incurred.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred. All other financial instruments are adjusted by transaction costs incurred on acquisition and financing costs, which are amortized using the straight-line method.

Financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis at the end of the fiscal year if there are indicators of impairment. If there is an indicator of impairment, the Institute determines if there is a significant adverse change in the expected amount or timing of future cash flows from the financial asset. If there is a significant adverse change in the expected cash flows, the carrying value of the financial asset is reduced to the highest of the present value of the expected cash flows, the amount that could be realized from selling the financial asset or the amount the Institute expects to realize by exercising its right to any collateral. If events and circumstances reverse in a future period, an impairment loss will be reversed to the extent of the improvement, not exceeding the initial carrying value.

The Institute, through its financial assets and liabilities, has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments.

DUMONT TECHNICAL INSTITUTE INC.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2020

3. Financial instruments and risk management (continued):

Credit risk

The Institute's principal financial assets subject to credit risk are cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. The carrying amounts of these financial assets on the statement of financial position represent the Institute's maximum credit exposure at the year-end date.

The Institute's credit risk on its investments is primarily attributable to the volatility of the markets. The credit risk related to accounts receivable is minimized as these receivables are normally from related parties and government agencies. The credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited because the counter parties are chartered banks with high credit ratings assigned by national credit-rating agencies.

Interest rate risk

The interest-bearing investments have limited exposure to interest rate risk due to their short-term period to maturity. The Institute also has exposure to interest rate risk on its debentures and long-term debt arising from interest at variable rates as well as prevailing interest rates at the time of renewal or refinancing of the debt as it becomes due.

Fair values

Investments are recorded at fair value. For certain of the Institute's financial instruments including accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the immediate or short-term maturity of these items.

Due to the non-arms length relationship between the parties, it is not possible to approximate the fair value of amounts due to affiliates, that may arise

DUMONT TECHNICAL INSTITUTE INC.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2020

4. Investments:

		2020		2019	
		Cost	Market value	Cost	Market value
Debentures	\$	327,521	\$ 331,408	\$ 121,608	\$ 122,263
Guaranteed investments certificates		197,500	197,500	174,000	174,000
Common shares		189,541	183,193	33,765	34,209
Cash and cash equivalents		120,902	120,904	293,480	293,478
Provincial bonds		81,170	83,683	81,170	81,643
	\$	916,634	\$ 916,688	\$ 704,023	\$ 705,593

The Provincial Bonds have interest rates of 1.55% to 3.10% (2019 - 1.55% to 3.10) and mature between 2021 and 2024 (2019 - 2021 and 2024).

The debentures are all at fixed rates and have a weighted average interest rate of 2.69% (2019 – 2.85%) and a weighted average term to maturity of 3.20 years (2019 – 3.62 years).

The guaranteed investment certificates have a weighted average interest rate of 2.63% (2019 – 2.66%) and a weighted average term to maturity of 2.95 years (2019 – 3.30 years).

5. Property and equipment:

		2020		2019	
		Cost	Accumulated amortization	Net book value	Net book value
Land	\$	981,863	\$ -	\$ 981,863	\$ 841,983
Buildings		8,545,992	1,830,583	6,715,409	3,913,633
Furniture and equipment		1,394,853	1,010,366	384,487	259,050
Computer equipment		423,269	343,403	79,866	43,582
Building under construction		-	-	-	2,382,634
	\$	11,345,977	\$ 3,184,352	\$ 8,161,625	\$ 7,440,882

In the year ended June 30, 2020, Dumont Technical Institute has assessed for full and partial impairment on capital assets and determined that there are none.

DUMONT TECHNICAL INSTITUTE INC.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2020

6. Deferred revenue:

Deferred revenue is comprised of the following:

	2020	2019
Ministry of Immigration and Career Training - Skills Training	\$ 649,268	\$ 318,502
Gabriel Dumont Institute Training & Employment Inc.	458,522	411,918
Ministry of Immigration and Career Training - Basic Education programs	141,907	389,360
Other	51,000	53,424
Ministry of Immigration and Career Training - Employee Assistance for People with Disabilities	3,624	4,657
	\$ 1,304,321	\$ 1,177,861

DUMONT TECHNICAL INSTITUTE INC.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2020

7. Long-term debt:

	2020	2019
Clarence Campeau Development Fund mortgage due April 1, 2029, repayable in monthly installments of \$5,298 including interest at a rate of 1% over the Bank of Nova Scotia Prime rate (4.95% for the first five years).	\$ 468,928	\$ 500,000
Clarence Campeau Development Fund no-interest loan due June 1, 2029, repayable in monthly installments of \$2,525.00.	280,275	303,000
CIBC mortgage due July 1, 2027, repayable in monthly installments of \$12,850 including interest at a rate of 0.75% over the CIBC prime rate (2.45%)	973,436	-
	1,722,639	803,000
Current portion	192,395	71,544
	\$ 1,530,244	\$ 731,456

Estimated principal repayments of long-term debt for each of the five years and thereafter are as follows:

2021	\$ 192,395
2022	202,484
2023	208,861
2024	215,485
2025	222,366
Thereafter	682,048
	\$ 1,723,639

DUMONT TECHNICAL INSTITUTE INC.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2020

8. Callable debt:

During 2019 the Institute entered into a revolving demand loan with CIBC for capital expenditures. The facility is available up to \$1,625,000 and was interest only until final advance drawn in 2020. Once the final advance was made the loan became repayable in monthly instalments of \$12,850, with interest of 4.7% interest and is secured by mortgage on 1003 & 917 22nd Street West.

9. Deferred capital contributions:

	Contribution Received	Amortization	Balance 2020	Balance 2019
La Loche Building	1,480,000	211,085	1,268,915	1,335,700
917 22nd Street West Building	1,600,000	80,000	1,520,000	1,600,000
	\$ 3,080,000	\$ 291,085	\$ 2,788,915	\$ 2,935,700

The Institute entered into an agreement (the "Agreement") with the Minister of Advanced Education of the Government of Saskatchewan (the "Minister") for the La Loche Program Centre Addition Project. Construction of the La Loche Program Centre was completed in 2018 and \$2,036,017 (2019 - \$2,030,487) of construction costs have been incurred and capitalized to property and equipment. The deferred capital contribution funding is being amortized into income on the same rate (5% declining balance) as the La Loche Centre capital costs.

Construction of the 917 22nd Street West Building was completed in 2019 and during the year \$3,155,218 (2019 - \$2,382,634) of construction costs have been incurred and capitalized to property and equipment. Deferred capital contributions for the 917 22nd Street West Building consists of funds received or receivable for costs incurred. The deferred capital contribution funding of \$1,600,000 is being amortized into income on the same rate (5% declining balance) as the 917 22nd Street West Building capital costs.

10. Commitments:

The Institute is committed pursuant to various operating leases for premises and office equipment in each of the next five years as follows:

2020	\$	207,849
2021		34,754
2022		13,674
	\$	256,277

The majority of operating leases are renewable on an annual basis.

DUMONT TECHNICAL INSTITUTE INC.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2020

11. Related party transactions:

Dumont Technical Institute Inc. conducts business with several related party organizations through the Gabriel Dumont Institute (note 1). The Gabriel Dumont Institute is the educational affiliate of the Métis Nation - Saskatchewan. Related party transactions are recorded at the exchange amount being amounts agreed upon between the related parties.

	2020	2019
Tuition and fees	\$ 2,204,478	\$ 2,004,154
Rent (included in facility rental and other income)	351,024	165,863
Tuitions	(4,000)	(8,000)
Public relations expense	(4,646)	(5,140)
Administrative services expense	(204,132)	(180,500)
Facilities expense	(188,477)	(187,344)
	\$ 2,154,247	\$ 1,789,033

Inter-fund administrative support/facility recovery expenses are charged based on estimated use of services.

Amounts included in accounts receivable and accounts payable are as follows:

Accounts receivable	2020	2019
Gabriel Dumont Institute Training & Employment Inc.	\$ 172,158	\$ (4,372)
Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, Inc.	195	706
Gabriel Dumont College Inc.	400,100	400,000
	\$ 572,453	\$ 396,334

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2020	2019
Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, Inc.	\$ 26,881	\$ 48,383
Gabriel Dumont Institute Training & Employment Inc.	-	10,334
Gabriel Dumont College Inc.	-	8,000
	\$ 26,881	\$ 66,717

Deferred grants for property and equipment	2020	2019
Gabriel Dumont College Inc.	\$ -	\$ 1,400,000
	\$ -	\$ 1,400,000

DUMONT TECHNICAL INSTITUTE INC.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2020

12. Economic dependence:

Approximately 62% (2019 - 66%) of the Institute's revenue was derived from the Government of Saskatchewan. Funding is provided by annual grants under contracts expiring on various dates.

13. Pension plan:

The Institute contributed to a pension plan for the employees based on a negotiated rate of contribution. The pension expense for the year was \$233,939 (2019 - \$217,519).

14. COVID 19:

On March 11, 2020 COVID-19 was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization. This has resulted in significant economic uncertainty and financial markets have experienced significant volatility in response to the developing COVID-19 pandemic. While operations of Dumont Technical Institute have not been significantly impacted by the pandemic, the situation is dynamic and the ultimate duration and magnitude of the potential impact on future results is currently undeterminable.

15. Subsequent events:

Subsequent to year-end the Institute amended their credit facility to include a line of credit up to \$2,000,000, to assist with pandemic response and provide additional liquidity if required.

Also the Institute received a \$250,000 Mastercard grant, which was provided to assist the Institute with additional costs related to COVID 19.